	2004-2005 6TH GRADE CONTEST SOLUTIONS	Answers
30.	There are 90 2-digit numbers starting with 10 and ending with 99. Exactly half of them have an even digit-sum. A) 45 B) 48 C) 50 D) 52	30. A
31.	80 km in 60 min. = 8 km in 6 min. = 24 km in 18 min. A) 20 B) 24 C) 28 D) 30	31. B
32.	$2^{2005} = 2^{1} \times 2^{2004} = 2^{2004} + 2^{2004}$. A) 1 B) 2 C) 2004 D) 2^{2004}	32. D
33.	The sum is $2+3+5+7+(1+1)+(1+3)+(1+7)+(1+9) = 41$. A) 77 B) 76 C) 41 D) 40	33. C
34.	If 4 pears weigh as much as 6 peaches, and 6 peaches weigh as much as 90 grapes, then 4 pears weigh as much as 90 grapes. A) 4 B) 6 C) 8 D) 12	34. A
35.	The perimeter of the square is 32. A side has length 8, and the area is 64. Half of the square is shaded, so the shaded area is 32. A) 4 B) 8 C) 16 D) 32	35. D
36.	$(51 - 1) + (52 - 2) + \dots + (99 - 49) + (100 - 50) =$ $50 + 50 + \dots + 50 + 50 = 50 \times 50 = 2500.$ A) 2000 B) 2500 C) 2550 D) 5000	36. B
37.	I spent \$360 for 110 services, 100 with a smile, 10 without. The 10 without a smile cost as much as 20 with a smile. It costs \$360 for 120 services with a smile, or \$3 for one service with a smile. A) \$3.00 B) \$3.15 C) \$3.30 D) \$3.45	37.
38.	In 24 hours, the hour hand goes around the clock 2 times, the minute hand 24 times, and the second hand $60 \times 24 = 1440$ times. A) 144 B) 1440 C) 1466 D) 86 400	38. C
39.	Try $2\times3\times5=60$, which is divisible by 2×3 , 2×5 , 3×5 , & $2\times3\times5$. The product of 3 primes is <i>always</i> divisible by 4 non-primes > 1. A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4	39. D
40.	Keep adding consecutive integers until you reach 120φ : $1\varphi + 2\varphi + 3\varphi + \ldots + 14\varphi + 15\varphi = 120\varphi$, so I am 15 years old. A) 10 B) 12 C) 15 D) 20	40. C

The end of the contest 6

Visit our Web site at http://www.mathleague.com Steven R. Conrad, Daniel Flegler, and Jeannine Kolbush, contest authors



SIXTH GRADE MATHEMATICS CONTEST

Math League Press, P.O. Box 17, Tenafly, New Jersey 07670-0017

Information $\mathscr E$ Solutions

Tuesday, March 8 (alternate date: March 15), 2005

Directions for Grading

- 6
- **Security and Solutions** *Do not look at these solutions until after the contest.* Detailed solutions appear in each question box, and letter answers are in the *Answers* columns on the right. You may copy this solution key and give a copy to every student who took this contest.
- Urgent questions? Call 1-201-568-6328.
- **Scores** Please remember that *this is a contest, not a test*—and there is no "passing" or "failing" score. Few students score as high as 30 points (75% correct). Students with half that, 15 points, *should be commended!*
- Awards & Results The original contest package contained 5 Certificates of Merit—1 each for the highest scoring student on each grade level, plus extras for ties. Do you need more Certificates of Merit? If so, include your name, school, and school mailing address in a letter to: Math Certificates, P.O. Box 17, Tenafly, NJ 07670-0017, and include a self-addressed, stamped envelope (2 stamps required) large enough to hold certificates. Only score reports postmarked by Fri., Mar. 18, 2005, and received by Tues., Mar. 22, 2005 can be used in our Summary of Contest Results newsletter, which you'll receive no later than Tues., May 17, 2005.
- Return of Student Papers Originals of contest papers with scores of 30 or more must be held until June 1. Copies of these papers, and originals of all other papers, should be returned to students after grading. Students scoring 30 points or more must confirm an understanding of the contest rules by signing the Selected Math League Rules (on the colored sheet of information and rules that accompanied the contests). Keep this signed sheet with the original contests until June 1. Please do not mail these to the League unless we ask you to do so.

Fifteen books of past contests, *Grades 4, 5, & 6* (*Vols. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5*), *Grades 7 & 8* (*Vols. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5*), and *High School* (*Vols. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5*), are available, for \$12.95 per volume (\$15.95 Canadian), from Math League Press, P.O. Box 17, Tenafly, N.J. 07670-0017.

	2004-2005 6TH GRADE CONTEST SOLUTIONS	Answers
1.	Since $\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$, $\frac{3}{4} = 0.75$, & 0.5 < 0.6 < 0.75, choice C is correct. A) 0.2 B) 0.4 C) 0.6 D) 0.8	1. C
2.	A polygon must have 3 or more sides. A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 21	2. A
3.	Since 5 weeks = (5×7) days = 35 days, I must have watched my mail for 35 days - 5 days = 30 days. A) 10 B) 25 C) 30 D) 35	3. C
4.	1010 + 10 100 = 11 110 = 10 × 1111. A) 101 B) 1010 C) 1020 D) 1111	4. D
5.	$500\phi \div 10\phi = 50$ and $1000\phi \div 25\phi = 40$, and $50-40 = 10$. A) 0 B) 2 C) 5 D) 10	5. D
6.	Since 10% of # = 100, 10 × (10% of #) = 10 × 100 = 1000. A) 10 B) 100 C) 110 D) 1000	6. D
7.	$(12+10+8+6+4+2) \div (6+5+4+3+2+1) = 42 \div 21 = 2.$ A) 60 B) 45 C) 6 D) 2	7. D
8.	Divide each answer choice by 2, then check for a multiple of 6. A) 28 B) 30 C) 36 D) 42	8. C
9.	$54 \div 3 = 18 = 3 \times 6$. A) 6 B) 18 C) 54 D) 162	9. A
10.	The area of the wall is $4 \times 4 = 16$. Since the roll covers half the wall, the area of the part covered by this roll is 8. A) 4 B) 8 C) 16 D) 32	10. B
11.	I need 12 pieces of fruit to make 3 glasses of juice, so I need 4 pieces to make 1 glass. I need 4×10 = 40 pieces for 10 glasses. A) 30 B) 36 C) 40 D) 120	11. C
12.	The only positive divisor of 100 that is a multiple of 100 is 100. A) 1 B) 10 C) 25 D) 100	12. A
13.	A hendecagon is an 11-sided polygon. The product of the number of sides of a hendecagon and of a square is $11 \times 4 = 44$. A) 44 B) 55 C) 66 D) 88	13. A
14.	(number of 0s in 1000):(number of 0s in 1000 000) = 3:6 = 1:2. A) 1:1 B) 1:2 C) 2:3 D) 4:7	14. B
15.	Every even number has a factor of 2, and 2 is an even prime. A) even B) odd C) prime D) whole	15. A
	Go on to the next page IIII	▶ 6

	2004-2005 6TH GRADE CONTEST SOLUTIONS	Answers
16.	In 1 second, your rocket flies $300 m = 300 \times 100 cm = 30000 cm$ and my pet runs $300 cm$. Speed ratio = $30000:300 = 100:1 = 100$. A) 30000 B) 10000 C) 300 D) 100	16. D
17.	As shown below, the sum can be any of the choices except C. A) $12 = 4+8$ B) $18 = 2+16$ C) 32 D) $33 = 1+32$	17. C
18.	The avg. of any odd # of consecutive integers is the middle one. A) 15 B) 16 C) 19 D) 135	18. A
19.	Since each act has 4 scenes, there are $3 \times 4 = 12$ scenes in all. The total number of characters in the play is $2 \times 12 = 24$. A) 6 B) 8 C) 12 D) 24	19. D
20.	If 3/4 are bills, then 1/4 are not. The ratio of the # of bills to the # of other letters is (3/4):(1/4) = 3:1. A) 7:1 B) 7:3 C) 3:1 D) 3:4	20. C
21.	$4 \times 4^4 = 4^1 \times 4^4 = 4^{1+4} = 4^5$. A) 4^4 B) 4^5 C) 14^4 D) 16^5	21. B
22.	For choices B, C, D, (# pennies, # nickels, # dimes) is shown. A) 11¢ B) 19¢ (9,0,1) C) 30¢ (5,5,0) D) 31¢ (6,3,1)	22. A
23.	Of the choices listed, only 900 is the square of an integer. A) 600 B) 700 C) 800 D) 900	23. _D
24.	75 nickels = 375ϕ = $(375 \div 25)$ quarters = 15 quarters. A) 3 B) 15 C) 25 D) 375	24. B
25.	There is no factor of 7 in $30 \times 40 \times 50$, so choice C is correct. A) $1 \times 3 \times 5$ B) $2 \times 4 \times 6$ C) $5 \times 7 \times 9$ D) $6 \times 8 \times 10$	25. C
26.	Ten years ago, Ted's age was $(22 \div 2) = 11$. His age today is $11+10 = 21$. A) 16 B) 21 C) 32 D) 42	26. B
27.	If all tents hold 2, we can hold only 12. But if 3 hold 2 and 3 hold 4, we can hold $(3\times2)+(3\times4)=18$ campers. A) 4 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1	27. B
28.	If 3 out of 5 dentists recommend sugarless gum, then 2 out of 5 = 20 out of 50 = 40 out of 100 = 40% don't. A) 20% B) 30% C) 40% D) 60%	28. C
29.	6 mins. after noon is 12:06 P.M.; 6 hrs. before that is 6:06 A.M. A) 6:06 A.M. B) 6:06 P.M. C) 5:54 A.M. D) 5:54 P.M.	29. A